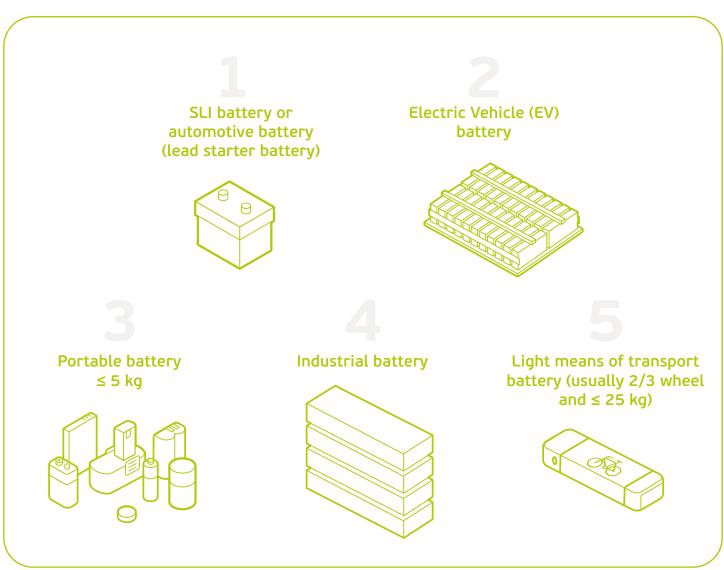
# The new European Battery Regulation

The European Commission has drawn up a draft Battery Regulation that will probably come into effect at the beginning of July 2023, of which EPR (extended producer responsibility) part or the future take-back rules will come into effect in mid-2025.

This overview details about the **most important new obligations for you as a producer**, **importer or seller of batteries on the Belgian market (individual sales of batteries themselves, as well as in appliances, equipment and means of transport).** 



## 5 new battery categories



## What are your new obligations?

### PRODUCT STANDARDS

NEW OBLIGATION	APPLICABILITY TO NEW BATTERIES IN THESE CATEGORIES	NUMBER OF MONTHS AFTEF ENTRY INTO BATTERY
Carbon Dioxide footprint		REGULATION
You provide a carbon footprint statement about the full life cycle of the battery.	<ul> <li>Electric vehicle batteries</li> <li>Rechargeable industrial batteries &gt; 2 kWh</li> <li>Light means of transport batteries</li> <li>Batteries for Energy Storage Systems (ESS)</li> <li>2 kWh</li> </ul>	18 months 30 months 60 months 84 months
Batteries are classified into carbon footprint performance classes.	<ul> <li>Electric vehicle batteries</li> <li>Rechargeable industrial batteries &gt; 2 kWh</li> <li>Light means of transport batteries</li> <li>Batteries for Energy Storage Systems (ESS)</li> <li>2 kWh</li> </ul>	36 months 48 months 78 months 102 months
There is a maximum carbon footprint threshold.	<ul> <li>Electric vehicle batteries</li> <li>Rechargeable industrial batteries &gt; 2 kWh</li> <li>Light means of transport batteries</li> <li>Batteries for Energy Storage Systems (ESS)</li> <li>2 kWh</li> </ul>	54 months 66 months 96 months 120 months
Performance & durability requirements		
Portable batteries (except button cells) for general use must meet minimum values for the electro-chemical <b>performance and durability</b> <b>parameters.</b>	<ul> <li>Portable batteries (4.5 Volt (3R12), D, C, AA, AAA, AAAA, A23, 9 Volts (PP3))</li> </ul>	60 months
Establishment of these minimum values by the Commission via a delegated act	<ul> <li>Portable batteries (4.5 Volt (3R12), D, C, AA, AAA, AAAA, A23, 9 Volts (PP3))</li> </ul>	48 months
Commission study on phasing out primary portable batteries in the market	<ul> <li>General purpose non-rechargeable portable batteries</li> </ul>	31/12/2030
You provide information about the battery <b>performance &amp; durability parameters</b> (the values of these parameters are set by a <b>delegated act</b> in <b>Appendix IV Part A</b> , 30 and 42 months after entry into force of the Regulation).	<ul> <li>Rechargeable industrial batteries &gt; 2 kWh</li> <li>Light means of transport batteries &gt; 2 kWh</li> </ul>	48 months 60 months
Batteries for Energy Storage System (ESS) must meet the set <b>safety parameters.</b>	Batteries for Energy Storage Systems (ESS)	12 months
Batteries must be accompanied by a <b>document</b> containing the electrochemical performance and robustness parameter values.	<ul> <li>Rechargeable industrial batteries &gt; 2 kWh</li> <li>Electric vehicle batteries</li> <li>Light means of transport batteries</li> </ul>	12 months 12 months 12 months
Consumers must be able to <b>remove and</b> <b>replace</b> batteries from equipment.	<ul> <li>Portable batteries &amp; light means of transport batteries</li> </ul>	42 months



#### PRODUCT STANDARDS

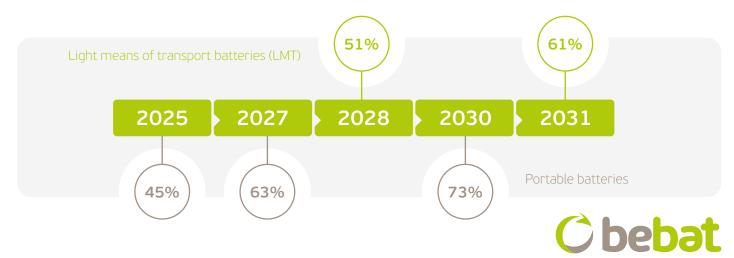
NEW OBLIGATION	APPLICABILITY TO NEW BATTERIES IN THESE CATEGORIES	NUMBER OF MONT AFTER ENTRY INTO BATTERY REGULATION
Due diligence obligation		
<ul> <li>There is a "duty of care" or "due diligence" for:</li> <li>suppliers of cobalt, natural graphite, lithium, nickel; as well as for</li> <li>respecting human rights, environmental considerations, health and safety (with supervision by a notified body).</li> </ul>	• All types of batteries	24 months
A <b>QR code</b> , identification and/or serial number, and a physical label is to be placed on every battery. The date of manufacture and entry on to the market are also to be stated (possibly on the packaging or in separate documentation).	• All types of batteries	42 months
A Battery Management System <b>(BMS)</b> is to be provided with accessible data about the parameters related to battery ageing and lifespan.	<ul> <li>Batteries for Energy Storage Systems (ESS)</li> <li>Electric vehicle batteries</li> <li>Light means of transport batteries</li> </ul>	12 months 12 months 12 months
Conformity declaration and a <b>CE marking</b> is to be placed on the battery (if not possible, on the packaging/documentation).	• All types of batteries	36 months
Batteries are to have a <b>battery passport</b> that is accessible via an access code and which details technical information, percentage of recycled materials and CO2 footprint.	<ul> <li>Rechargeable industrial batteries</li> <li>Electric vehicle batteries</li> <li>Light means of transport batteries</li> </ul>	42 months 42 months 42 months



#### **ENVIRONMENTAL OBLIGATIONS**

NEW OBLIGATION	APPLICABILITY TO NEW BATTERIES IN THESE CATEGORIES	NUMBER OF MONTHS AFTER ENTRY INTO BATTERY REGULATION
Batteries are to be accompanied by documentation that states how much recycled cobalt, lead or nickel they contain.	<ul> <li>Industrial batteries &gt; 2 kWh</li> <li>Electric vehicle batteries</li> <li>Light means of transport batteries</li> <li>SLI batteries</li> </ul>	60 months 60 months 120 months 60 months
Batteries are to be made with a minimum proportion of recycled materials: Phase 1: cobalt (16%), lead (85%), lithium (6%) and nickel (6%)	<ul> <li>Electric vehicle batteries</li> <li>Industrial batteries &gt; 2 kWh</li> <li>SLI batteries</li> </ul>	96 months 96 months 96 months
Phase 2: cobalt (26%), lead (85%), lithium (12%) and nickel (15%)	<ul> <li>Electric vehicle batteries</li> <li>Industrial batteries &gt; 2 kWh</li> <li>Light means of transport batteries</li> <li>SLI batteries</li> </ul>	156 months 156 months 156 months 156 months
You are to register as a producer so that compliance with the management of waste batteries can be monitored.	<ul> <li>All types of batteries</li> </ul>	On entry
Minimum recovery and recycling efficiency for end-of-life batteries is to be ensured.	All types of batteries	On entry
Phase 1: 90% cobalt, 90% copper, 90% lead, 50% lithium and 90% nickel	All types of batteries	31/12/2027
Phase 2: 95% cobalt, 95% copper, 95% lead, 80% lithium and 95% nickel	All types of batteries	31/12/2031
<ul> <li>Minimum recycling efficiency expressed in average weight.</li> <li>75% for lead batteries, 65% for lithium batteries, 80% for nickel cadmium batteries, 50% for other waste batteries</li> </ul>	• All types of batteries	31/12/2025
• 80% for lead batteries, 70% for lithium batteries	All types of batteries	31/12/2030

## Collection targets for European Member States



Drawn up on the basis of provisional information provided in March 2023.